17 AUG 1983

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98TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 156

Expressing the sense of the Congress that nuclear reactor components should not be exported from the United States for India's Tarapur nuclear power station unless the Government of India provides stronger nonproliferation guarantees.



IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

August 4, 1983

Mr. Markey (for himself, Mr. Ottinger, Mr. Kemp, Mr. Udall, Mr. Fish, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Oberstar, Mr. Towns, Mr. Ratchford, Mr. Seiberling, and Mr. Morrison of Connecticut) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

- Expressing the sense of the Congress that nuclear reactor components should not be exported from the United States for India's Tarapur nuclear power station unless the Government of India provides stronger nonproliferation guarantees.
- Whereas halting the spread of nuclear weapons is one of the primary goals of United States foreign policy;
- Whereas the United States, along with 117 nations, is a party to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons;
- Whereas the Congress enacted the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978 which is designed to establish guidelines for the export of nuclear materials and technology;

- Whereas the Government of India has made an urgent request to the United States for nuclear reactor components for its nuclear power station at Tarapur;
- Whereas India is not a party to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and has not agreed to place its nuclear facilities under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards;
- Whereas the Government of India conducted a nuclear explosion in 1974 and has refused to rule out future nuclear tests;
- Whereas there have been reports indicating that the Government of India is preparing for another nuclear test, which would require a cutoff of United States nuclear exports under the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Act of 1978;
- Whereas in order to provide the requested nuclear reactor components to India, the President may have to waive the requirement for such a cutoff of United States nuclear exports;
- Whereas the nuclear cooperation agreement between the United States and India provides that nuclear facilities supplied by the United States to India shall be subject to international safeguards; and
- Whereas this agreement expires in 1993 and India has not agreed to extend its safeguard provisions in perpetuity: Now, therefore, be it
 - 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
- 2 concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that the
- 3 United States Government should not export or help arrange
- 4 for other countries to export nuclear reactor components for
- 5 the nuclear power station at Tarapur, India, unless the Gov-
- 6 ernment of India provides to the United States Government

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1	stronger nuclear nonproliferation guarantees. These guaran-
2	tees should include, at a minimum—
3	(1) reliable assurances by the Government of
4	India that it is not engaged in a program to develop
5	nuclear weapons and will not explode additional nucle-
6	ar devices; and
7	(2) agreement by the Government of India to
8	extend the safeguards provisions in the United States-
9	India nuclear cooperation agreement in perpetuity.
10	SEC. 2. The Clerk of the House of Representatives shall
11	transmit a copy of this resolution to the President.

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98TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. RES. 198

Expressing the sense of the Senate that nuclear reactor components should not be exported from the United States for India's Tarapur nuclear power station unless the Government of India provides stronger nonproliferation guarantees.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 4 (legislative day, AUGUST 1), 1983

Mr. Boschwitz (for himself, Mr. Glenn, Mr. Hart, Mr. Proxmire, Mr. Humphrey, Mr. Helms, Mr. Riegle, Mr. Ford, Mr. Pressler, and Mr. Danforth) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

RESOLUTION

- Expressing the sense of the Senate that nuclear reactor components should not be exported from the United States for India's Tarapur nuclear power station unless the Government of India provides stronger nonproliferation guarantees.
- Whereas halting the spread of nuclear weapons is one of the primary goals of United States foreign policy;
- Whereas the United States, along with one hundred and seventeen nations, is a party to the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty;
- Whereas the Congress in 1978 passed the Nuclear Nonproliferation Act which is designed to establish guidelines for the export of nuclear materials and technology;

- Whereas the Government of India has made an urgent request to the United States for nuclear reactor components for its nuclear power station at Tarapur;
- Whereas India is not a party to the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty and has not agreed to place its nuclear facilities under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards;
- Whereas the Government of India conducted a nuclear explosion in 1974 and has refused to rule out future nuclear tests;
- Whereas there have been reports indicating that the Government of India is preparing for another nuclear test, which would require a cutoff of United States nuclear exports under the Nuclear Nonproliferation Act;
- Whereas in order to provide the requested nuclear reactor components to India the President may have to waive the requirement for such a cutoff of United States nuclear exports;
- Whereas the nuclear cooperation agreement between the United States and India provides that nuclear facilities supplied by the United States to India shall be subject to international safeguards; and
- Whereas this agreement expires in 1993 and India has not agreed to extend its safeguard provisions in perpetuity: Now, therefore, be it
- 1 Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that the
- 2 United States Government should not export or help arrange
- 3 for other countries to export nuclear reactor components for
- 4 the nuclear power station at Tarapur, India, unless the Gov-
- 5 ernment of India provides to the United States Government
- 6 stronger nuclear nonproliferation guarantees. These guaran-
- 7 tees should include, at a minimum-

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1	(1) reliable assurances by the Government of
2	India that it is not engaged in a program to develop
3	nuclear weapons and will not explode additional nucle-
4	ar devices; and
5	(2) agreement by the Government of India to
6	extend the safeguards provisions in the United States-
7	Indian nuclear cooperation agreement in perpetuity.
8	SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Senate shall transmit a
9	copy of this resolution to the President.

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